Supplementary Table 2. Interventional or surgical procedures that should be accompanied by aspirin discontinuation in patients at low thrombotic $risk^a$

Type of surgery	Specific types of surgery
General	Hepatic resection, duodenocefalopancreasectomy
Cardiac	None
Vascular	Open thoracic and thoracoabdominal surgery
	Prostate biopsy, orchiectomy, circumcision
	Radical and partial nephrectomy, percutaneous nephrostomy
Urology ^a	Percutaneous lithotripsy, radical cystectomy, prostatectomy
	Endoscopic resection of prostate/endoscopic bladder surgery
	Penectomy, partial orchiectomy
Orthopedic	None
Thoracic	Esophagectomy, pleuropneumonectomy decortication of lung
	Dilatation in achalasia, mucosectomy/submucosal resection
Digestive endoscopy	Echography with FNA biopsy of pancreatic cystic lesions
	Ampullectomy of the ampulla of Vater
Maxillofacial	None
Plastic	None
Gynecology	Laparotomy or laparoscopic hysterectomy for large uteri (> 750 g) -Myomectomy, laparotomic/laparoscopic -Laparoscopy/laparotomy for severe/deep endometriosis Debulking surgery for ovarian cancer -Radical surgery for carcinoma of cervix and endometrium -Pelvic/lombo-aortic lymphadenectomy -Pelvic evisceration
Neurosurgery	All spinal and cranial neurosurgery
Pulmonology	None
Dentistry	None
	Scleral bukling, eye adnexa surgery
Ophthalmology	Intraocular foreign body extraction, penetrating keratoplasty
	Ocular tumor excision, trabeculectomy
Otorhinolaryngology	None

FNA, fine needle aspiration biopsy.

^aDiscontinuation of aspirin was also recommended in intermediate thrombotic risk patients.